

Current Research to Assess the Status of American Eel in Gulf Coast Drainages of Texas

2019 CRP Basin Steering Committee Meeting Guadalupe Blanco River Authority – Seguin, TX March 19, 2019



Stephen Curtis Inland Fisheries – River Studies Program

Meet the American Eel

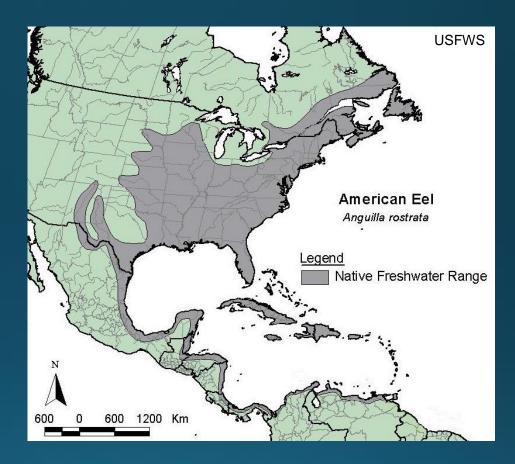
- Long, snake-like body
- Length: Females up to 5 feet; males up to 3 feet
- Age: 3-40+ years
- Diet: fish, mollusks, crustaceans & carrion





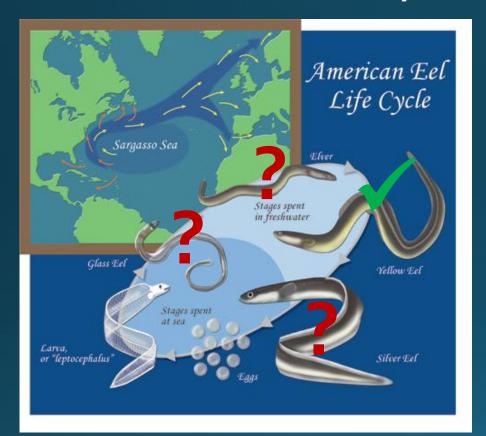
American Eel

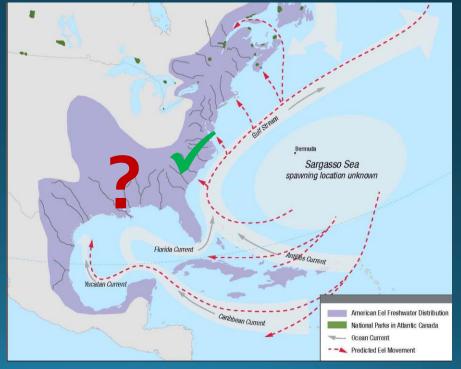
- Greenland to South America
- Facultative catadromous species
 - Spawn in saltwater
 - Migrate to estuarine or freshwater
- Panmictic population
 - One single population
 - Ability to breed with every individual



M. Wagner

Life History of American Eel





Bluenose Coastal Action Foundation; Natural History Illustration

Commercial Harvest



The Ellsworth American; Mainebiz.com; University of Maine; Bangor Daily News; Tokyo Dinner Ticket

Economic Value

• Maine Fishery in 2017

- Quota: 9,600 pounds of glass/elver eel
- Sold for ~\$1,300 per pound (2015: ~\$2,100)
- 12 million dollar industry (2012: 40.3 M)



Bangor Daily News; Tokyo Dinner Ticket; Portland Press Herald; The Ellsworth American

Northern Gulf of Mexico Status

• Commercial species

- YES Louisiana, Mississippi & Florida
- NO Texas & Alabama
- Petitioned for listing in Texas (2014)

Conservation status

- Not federally listed as Threatened or Endangered
- Species of Greatest Conservation Need (TX, LA & FL)

Research & Monitoring

- All Northern GOM states
- Caribbean & Central America

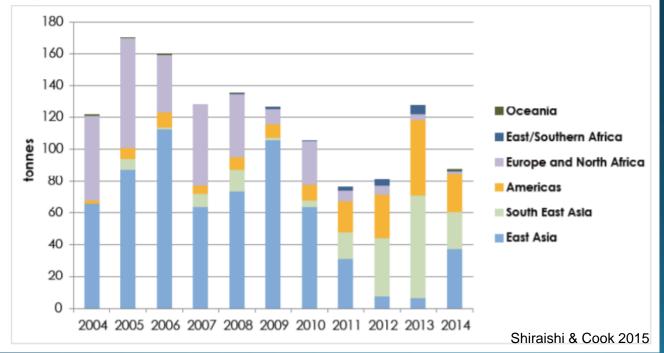




Need

- Population is depleted in US waters (ASMFC 2012 & 2017)
- Demand for American Eel is increasing
- Effective management recommendations = DATA
- Coordinated effort in the GOM

Imports of live eel fry for farming (all sizes) into mainland China, Hong Kong, Japan, South Korea and Taiwan by source, 2004–2014, tonnes.





Project Partners









TEXAS

PARKS &

WILDLIFE







Data Collection

- 1. Distribution & Abundance
- 2. Life History
 - Habitat Use
 - Movement Patterns
 - Parasites & Diet
- 3. Population Structure
 - Genetics
 - Age
 - Sex

4. Assess collection methods

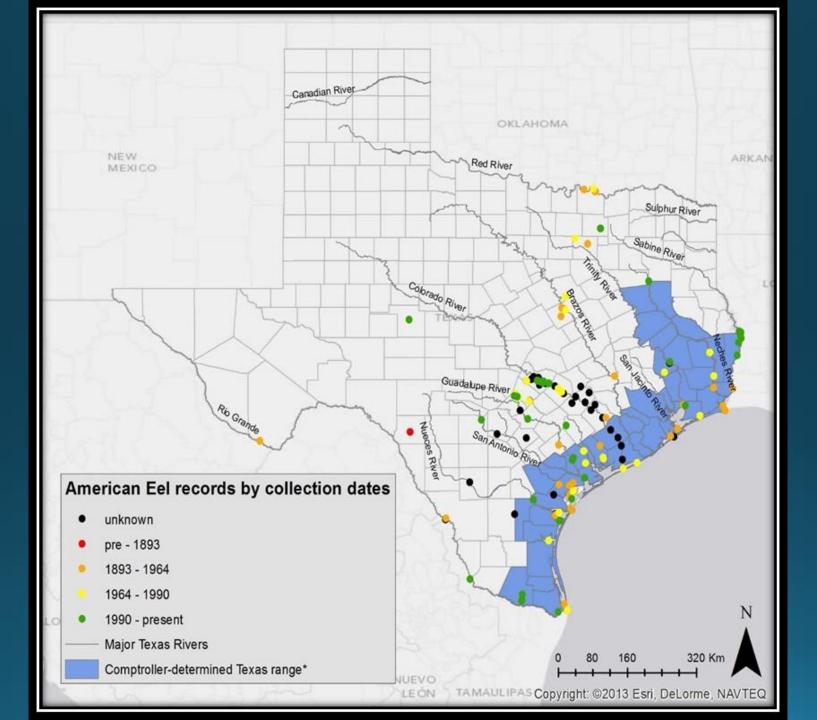




Anguillicoloides crassus







Project Components

Yellow Eel Sampling
Yellow Eel Processing
Fyke Net Sampling (glass/elvers)
Eel Mop Sampling (glass/elvers)



Field Sampling: Yellow Eel

LOCATION

- Statewide
- Below instream barriers (e.g., dams, weirs, SW barriers)

<u>Methods</u>

Electrofishing
Begging for donations



Public Outreach

Presentations

- Public Meetings
- Professional Conferences & Workshops
- TPWD Press Release

Biologists seek assistance from anglers in tracking American Eel in Texas waterways

AUSTIN — Every now and then, anglers fishing Texas waterways may reel in something unexpected: the slimy, secretive American Eel.

"[The American Eel] is just such a unique species that you don't see that often, and so when you catch one or you see one, you remember it," said Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) aquatic biologist Stephen Curtis. "It's going to leave an impression."



LOOKING FOR AMERICAN EELS





Please report specimens or observations to Melissa Casarez or Adam Cohen, the Fishes of Texas Project <u>fishesoftexas@gmail.com</u> 512-475-8171 (Melissa) / 512-471-8845 (Adam) Maintain specimens alive if possible, or put on ice and give us a call. See links below for more information:



Public Outreach

Social Media News Coverage



Enhruny 18 2018

ENVIRONMENT Eels found in wastewater treatment plant

Slippery creatures will be donated to research effort

BY JESSICA PRIEST At least one thing makes it out of the Bermuda Triangle alive. Sixteen American eels from there

ere found this week, of all places at the wastewater treatment plant in Port Lavaca. bably," Interim City Manager Bill DiLibero said Friday. The slimy, squirmy creatures were ving in a box where water sits be-

ection process with a UV light and s discharged into the Lynn Bayou. DiLibero said the eels regularly swim up that discharge pipe but don't get much farther than that. this type of ee as enigmatic. "We're looking for what the pat-terns in migration are so that we can better understand when they come into our river systems and in what kind of numbers. We don't have nlant SEE EELS. A4

DID YOU KNOW? The CONTRIBUTED PHOT

Stephen Curtis, an aquatic biologist with the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, holds an American eel that was living in the Port Lavaca wastewater treatm

slender, snakelike body with Texas. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife very small scales, and the fish may appear naked. A Service once considered the American eel for listing under the Endangered Species Act. In Texas, some of the threats they face include changes to long dorsal fin usually extends for more than half the length of the body and is tinuous with a similar tral fin. Pelvic fins are t American ee ht in Texas weighed 6.45 is and was 42 inc

Click & Houston

NEWS



Do you ever catch eels while fishing in Texas rivers?? TPWD could use your help gathering data that will help to conserve this unique and secretive species!

TPWD Biologists collected this fellow on the beautiful Lavaca River this week as part of a statewide life history study on American Eel. Little information exists on American Eel in Texas and TPWD could use your help in locating them to gather more data. If you catch an eel, please take a photo, record your location, and contact the River Studies Program at 512.754.6844. If possible, we would love to take the catch off your hands feel free to freeze the eel and give us a call! Each individual can provide us with invaluable information to better understand this species

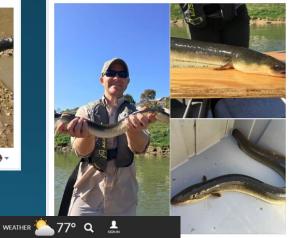


NEWS SPORTS ENTERTAINMENT CONSUMER COMMUNITY IN HOUSTON LIFE

Texas Rivers & Streams - Texas Parks and Wildlife December 3, 2017 - @

Here are some photos of an American Eel we caught in downtown Houston this week. Have you caught an eel recently? We're still collecting data on them and would love to know! If you catch one please snap a photo, write down the date and eel length if possible, and send us a message or give our office a call at 512-754-6844.

Why eels? Eels have a complicated life history that can make them vulnerable. They hatch in the Sargasso Sea and catch ocean currents back to North American where they swim up rivers and live most of their life before returning to the sea to spawn.



♂ Share



Why was an American eel found in **Brays Bayou?**

0

By Sophia Beausoleil - Reporter

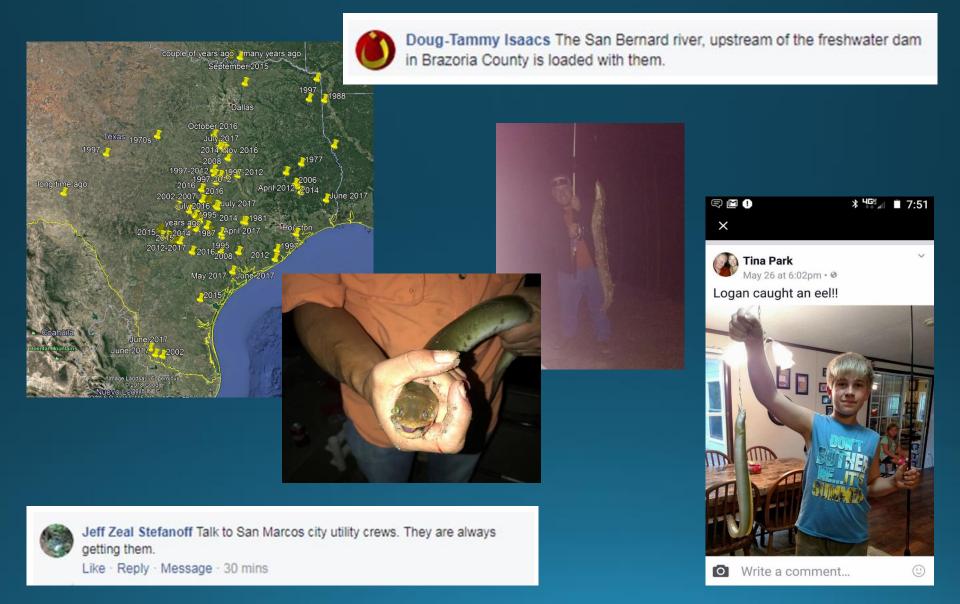
Posted: 4:57 PM, December 04, 2017 Updated: 12:42 PM, December 05, 2017

list of fish that can be





Public Response



Specimens Collected

- 101 individuals
- 31 sites
- All yellow eel (one possible silver)
- Received in various conditions





Yellow Eel Processing

- Muscle tissue (Genetics & Mercury)
- Otoliths (Aging & Microchemistry)
- Swimbladders (Parasites)
- Stomachs (Diet)











© Research Gate

Yellow Eel Processing

	# of Eel
Muscle Tissue (Genetics)	101
Otoliths (Aging & Microchemistry)	101
Swimbladders (Parasites)	95
Stomachs (Diet)	82
Muscle Tissue (Mercury)	83

<u>Total Length (mm)</u> Min = 157 (6.2 in) Max = 1,054 (41.5 in)

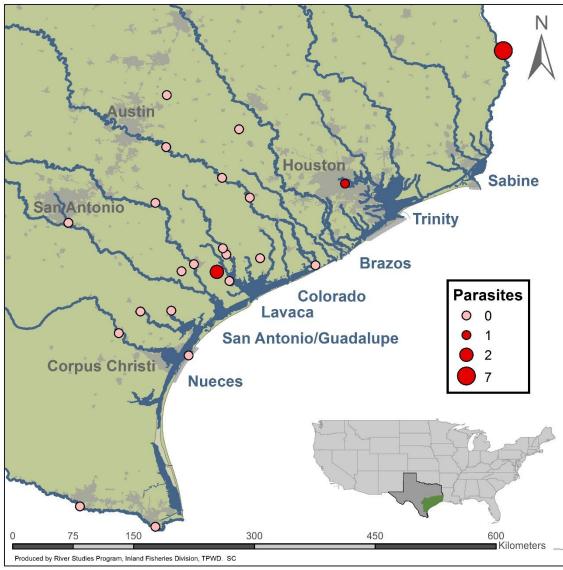




Parasites

- 10 infected eels (out of 95)
- Site infection rates:
 - 66% (2/3)
 - 100% (1/1)
 - 70% (7/10)





Project Components

Yellow Eel Sampling
Yellow Eel Processing
Fyke Net Sampling (glass/elvers)
Eel Mop Sampling (glass/elvers)

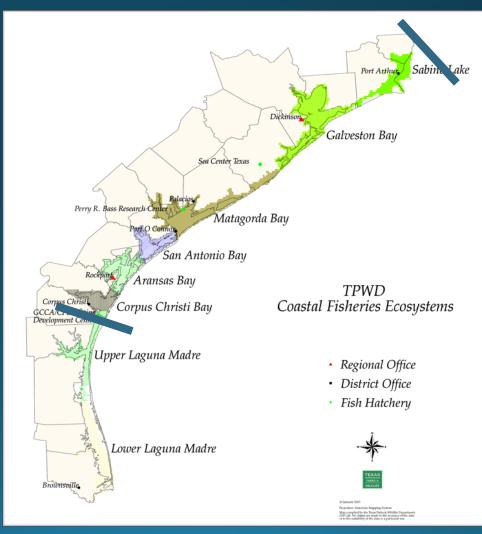


Field Sampling: Elver & Glass

LOCATION

- Mid-Upper Coast
- Site Characteristics
 - Tidally influenced
 - Freshwater inflow





Field Sampling: Elver & Glass

<u>Methods</u>

Eel MopsSmall-mesh fyke nets









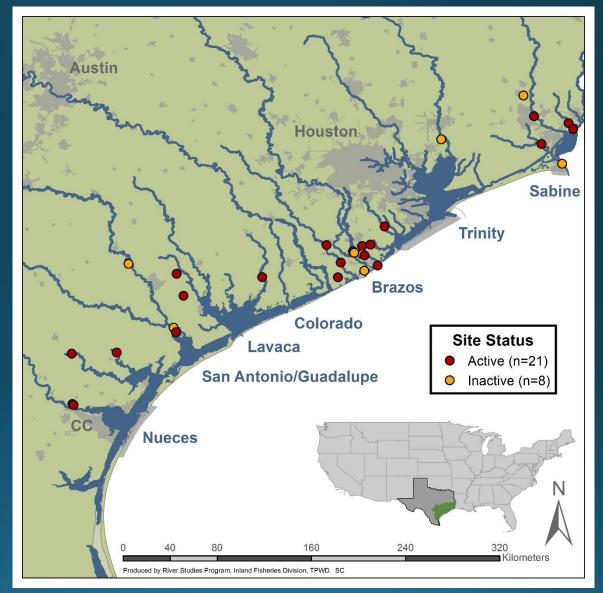


Eel Mop Sampling

- Sampling since Feb 2018
- Continuous deployment
- Checked every two weeks at a minimum
- Data reported via field datasheet or Google Form

























Fyke Net Sampling

- Sampling since July 2018
- Deploy nets at night; fish incoming tide
- Conduct sampling events every 2 weeks



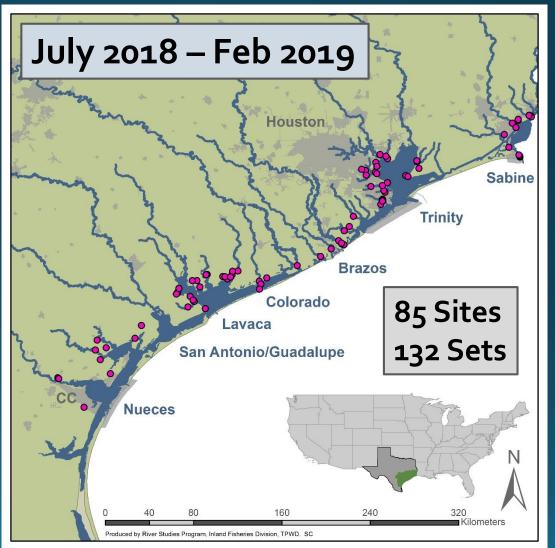




Fyke Net Sampling Sites













Expected Timeline

	2018	2019	2020
Yellow Eel Sampling	Х	Х	
Tissue Processing	Х	Х	
Tissue Analyses		Х	Х
Glass/Elver Eel Sampling	Х	Х	Х
Report Writing			Х



Yellow Eel Collection \rightarrow Mar 2019 Glass/Elver Eel Collection \rightarrow Mar 2020

<u>Licensed Hydropower</u> <u>Projects TX</u>

Toledo Bend Dam *Sabine River*

Gonzales Dam Guadalupe River

Gulf of Mexico

Gonzales Dam

Photos courtesy, Brad Littrell

Toledo Bend Dam





Figure 8. Toledo Bend Project Spillway, S3, trap installation

TEXAS PARKS & WILDLIFE

Questions?

Stephen.Curtis@tpwd.texas.gov (512) 754-6844 ext. 221

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